

ADX CASE Form

Response was completed on 04/19/2024 4:17pm.

Record ID 10

ECHO Autism: Advanced Diagnosis Case Presentation Form

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Complete this form to the best of your ability. This survey is individualized and should only be completed and submitted by the listed clinician. A unique confidential patient ID number (ECHO ID) has been provided that must be utilized when identifying your patient during clinic.

Email our program coordinator **Michael Hansen** at michaelhansen@health.missouri.edu if you have any questions or comments.

PLEASE NOTE: Project ECHO de-identified case discussions do not create or otherwise establish a clinician-patient relationship between any University of Missouri Health Care clinician and any patient whose case is being discussed in a Project ECHO setting. All information is deidentified and the participants and content experts are engaged in case-based learning.

Clinician Information

Presenting Clinician Name:	Aislinn Bos		
Clinic/Facility Name:	Compass Health Network	City:	Rolla, MO
ECHO ID:	DX115		
Presentation Date:	04-24-2024		
Presentation Type:	New Follow Up		

Patient Information

Sex	assigned	at	birth:

Male Female

Gender patient identifies with:
■ Male
Patient Age: 18
Race:
 Multiracial White/Caucasian Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander Black/African American Asian American Indian/Alaskan Native Prefer not to say Other
Ethnicity:
 Hispanic/Latino or Spanish Origin Not Hispanic/Latino or Spanish Origin Prefer not to say
Insurance:
None✓ MedicaidPrivate
Insurance Company:
What is the main language spoken in the home?
English
Which other languages are spoken in the home?
English Arabic Burmese Chinese (e.g., Mandarin, Cantonese) French Navajo Spanish Tagalog Vietnamese Other
What is the child's dominant language when communicating with others?
English •

Patient Outcomes Existing patient Is this patient an existing patient or a new patient? New patient Who referred the individual to you (ECHO Autism Clinician)? Other If other, please specify: School-based therapist Yes Do you know if the person who referred this patient to you are O No also part of ECHO Autism Communities? I Don't Know Yes Is this patient currently on another waitlist for a diagnostic No No ■ No No ■ No evaluation? O I Don't Know How long did the patient wait to see you, the ECHO Autism 1.5 months Clinician, to START their autism assessment? How long did it take you to complete your assessment? 2-3 weeks Estimate the total time between receipt of referral to when you 2 months will give/gave family diagnosis? How far did the patient travel to get to your office? Miles 80 Approximately, how long does it take the patient to drive to your office? **Hours:** 1 **Minutes** 45 List the questions you would like help with. 1) What additional considerations should I keep in mind for autism diagnoses in high-masking adolescents/young adults? 2) Resources and recommendations, particularly around transition to adulthood and further education.

Birth History	Birth History					
Exposures during pregnancy:						
☑ Smoking ☐ Alcohol ☐ Valproic Acid ☐ Street drugs ☐ O	ther Unknown					
Gestational age:	36					
Birth weight:	6					
	11					
Delivery mode:						
■ Vaginal						
Presentation:						
○ Breech ○ Head first						
Head circumference:	Inches					
Were there newborn problems?						
○ Yes ○ No ○ Unsure						
Please check all of the following that apply:						
In NICU Required intubation Seizures Birth defects Feeding issues in infancy Other						
Comments:						
Mom reported smoking cigarettes daily during pregnancy.						

Development History

Please indicate the age (in months) when milestone was achieved. *If unknown, please type unknown.*

Uses single words:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Uses 2-3 word phrases:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Speak in full sentences:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Walking:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Daytime bladder control:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Nighttime bladder control:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Bowel control:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Social smile:	Unknown but reportedly "on time"
Communication Ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication and communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of communication ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of child's highest form of child's highest form of child's highest form of child ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of child's highest form of child's highest form of child ability (Please indicate the child's highest form of child's highest form of child ability (Please indicate the child's highest form).	munication/s)
 Nonverbal (e.g., no functional words) Uses single words Uses 2-3-word phrases ✓ Uses sentences ✓ Chats with others ✓ Uses gestures (e.g., pointing, waving and/or leads other to wants/needs) Behavior Concerns ✓ Short attention span ✓ Hyperactivity Unusual or excessive fears ✓ Self-injury (e.g., head banging, biting, scratching, cutting, picking, etc.) ✓ Irritability/Moodiness ✓ Depression ✓ Elopement/Running off 	
Toileting issues, accidents Defiant Aggressive Hurting animals or other people Obsessive-compulsive Hallucinations	
Please check all that apply	
Do parents share your concern about autism?	
● Yes ○ No	
Has there been <u>significant loss</u> of an acquired skill or skills?	
○ Yes ○ No	

Comments:	
Did speech therapy in pre-K/kindergarten due to pronunciati	on difficulties.
Medical/Psychiatric History	
Please list all diagnoses or illne	sses:
Diagnosis/Illness:	ADHD combined presentation
Age:	13
Date - Year:	2018 or 2019
Professional making diagnosis:	pediatrician
Diagnosis/Illness:	social anxiety disorder
Age:	
Date - Year:	October 2023
Professional making diagnosis:	LCSW following a psych eval
Diagnosis/Illness:	
Please list current medications	and supplements:
Medication:	Adderall
Dosage:	20mg
Age when started:	18
Reason for medication:	to improve attention. He tried other stimulants
Is it helping?	
Medication:	
Additional Conditions	

Please	check a	all of the following that apply:
Seiz	zures	
	Disorde	r
Sta	ring spe	Ils
☐ Toe	walking	
ПНур	pertonia	
ПНур	otonia	
☐ Mic	rocepha	aly
_	croceph	
_		omach ache/pain/reflux
		nstipation
	onic dia	
_	onic ear	r infections
_		y ntal allergies
_		ems (e.g., rash, eczema)
	. p. 0.0.0	(0.8.1, 0.0.1.1, 0.0.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1
Commo	ents:	
Report	ted to ex	xhibit tics that were more severe when he was younger. Occur primarily when he is overstimulated or upset.
Med	dical	Testing
		Have the following medical tests been performed?
Vision :	screenii	ng
○ Yes	○No	Unknown
Audiolo	ogic (he	earing) screening
○ Yes	O No	Unknown
Lead b	lood lev	vel
○ Yes	O No	Unknown
Chrom	osomal	Microarray
○ Yes	O No	Unknown
Karyot	ype	
○ Yes	○No	Unknown
Fragile	X DNA	
O Yes	O No	Unknown

MRI of the brain

○ Yes ○ No ● Unknown
EEG
○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown
Sleep study
○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown
Comments:
Dietary/Nutrition/Metabolic
Please check all of the following that apply:
Problem eater (Less than 10 foods)
Picky eater (Less than 20 foods) Special Diet
☐ Pica (Eating/craving non-food items)
Chewing or swallowing issues
History of growth concerns - Overweight History of growth concerns - Underweight
Sleep History
Rarely = never or 1 time/week; Sometimes = 2-4 times/week; Usually = 5 or more times/week
Does the child fall asleep within 20 minutes? If yes, how often?
○ No
Is falling asleep a problem?
Does the child co-sleep? If yes, how often?
No ○ Rarely ○ Sometimes ○ Usually
Does the child awaken more than once during the night? If yes, how often?
○ No ○ Rarely ○ Sometimes ○ Usually
Are nighttime awakenings a problem?
○ Yes
Does the child snore loudly?

○ No ○ Rarely ○ Sometimes ○ Usually	
Does the child seem tired during the day? If so, how often?	
○ No ○ Rarely ○ Sometimes ○ Usually	
ls this a problem?	
● Yes ○ No	
Comments:	
Trouble falling asleep because he can't "power down" his brain. Us tired at the end of the school day and takes a nap.	ually does not feel rested upon waking, and sometimes is
Trauma/Abuse History	
No	Yes
Trauma/Abuse History	
Physical Abuse	
Sexual Abuse	
Comments:	
Social History	
Individual resides with:	Biological Parents 🕶
Has legal custody:	•
Biological parents are:	Married ~
How many people live in the home <i>not</i> including the individual being evaluated?	2 🕶
Who lives in	the home?
Relationship (1/2 sib, step-parent, etc.):	Biological Mother 🕶

Age:				Years				
Gender:					Female →			
Relationship:				Biologica	l Father 💉	•		
Age:				Years				
Gender:				Male	~			
List other significant caregivers that liv	e outside th	e home (e.g., family,	friends, g	grandparen	ts, neighb	or):	
2 older half-brothers (same mother) in the	neir 30s. They	lived with	the client u	ntil movin	g out as adı	ılts.		
Comments:								
Older brothers and their families live nea	arby, and clie	nt sees the	em fairly ofte	en.				
Family History								
Condition/Disorder								
	Mom	Dad	Brother	Sister	Mat GM	Mat GF	Pat GM	Pat GF
Genetic Disorders								
Autism Spectrum Disorder								
Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)								
Intellectual Disability								
Learning Disability								
Seizure Disorder (e.g., epilepsy)								
Mental Health Concerns (e.g., Depression, Anxiety Disorder, Bipolar)		V						

Childhood deaths								
Birth defects								
Dysmorphology								
Substance use disorder								
Comments:								
Mom has bipolar disorder and possibly A	ADHD (undiag	nosed). Da	ıd may have	e OCD (und	iagnosed).	Uncle has:	schizophre	nia.
Suspects his parents, grandpa, and older	brother may	be autistic	t, but they a	are not diag	nosed.			
Child Care or Educati	onal Hi	istory	,					
What is the child's current child care or	r educationa	l placeme	nt? (Please	check all	that apply	')		
□ Parents provide full time child care at □ In-home child care (other caregiver) □ Day care center □ Preschool □ Head Start or Early Head Start □ School (K-12) Grade level: Twelfth Grade ▼ Does the child participate in any of the □ Early Intervention Services (First Steps □ Early Childhood Special Education (EC □ IEP □ 504 Plan Comments: attends private school and has some info	f ollowing? s or Birth-3 Pr SE)							
<u>Current Resources:</u>								
Speech Language Therapy (SLT)Occupational Therapy (OT)								

Physical Therapy (PT)

First Steps	
Parents as Teachers (PAT)	
■ Behavioral Therapy/ABA ■ WIC	
Children's Division	
Counseling (play, trauma informed, PCIT)	
Psychiatric Services	
Regional Office for Developmental Disabilities (Dept. of Menta	al Health)
Bureau of Special Health Care Needs	arriculti)
Easter Seals	
Social Security Disability (SSI)	
Other	
None of the above	
Please check all that apply	
Comments	
Compass Health school-based therapy	
Screeners	
Name of Screening Tool:	
CARS-2	
M-CHAT	
SCQ Current	
SCQ Lifetime	
SRS-2	
Other	
Social Communication Qu	estionnaire (SCO) Lifetime
SCQ Lifetime Screen Date:	03-01-2024
SCQ Lifetime Score:	10
Is the risk cut off met:	
is the risk cut on met.	○ Yes ◎ No
Please describe any notable comments or concerns:	
Social Responsive Scale Question	onnaire Second Edition (SRS-2)

Date of Administration (most recent):	03-01-2024		
Total Score:	T-scores. Parent=72; teacher=78		
Please describe any notable comments or concerns:			
Parent report			
Awr=67			
Cog=66			
Com=66			
Mot=77 RRB=76			
KKD-70			
Teacher report			
Awr=64			
Cog=79			
Com=77			
Mot=80			
RRB=72			
Comments:			
Adaptive Functioning Test			
Name of Test:	~		
Date of Administration (most recent):			
Comments:			
Intelligence/Developmental Testing			
Name of Test:	Other 🗸		
Name of Other Test:	WAIS-IV		
Date of Administration (most recent):	10-30-2023		

Full Scale:	103	
	or Mullen ELC	
Verbal Score:	VCI=105	
Nonverbal Score:	PRI=104	
Nonverbal Score.	or Mullen VS	
Comments:		
Not administered by me, from a previous evaluation.		
WMI=92		
PSI=108		
Other Tests/Assessments		
Were any other tests or assessments completed?		
	● Yes ○ No	
	○ No	
Name of Test:		
Name of fest.	BASC-3 parent report	
Date of administration:	04-08-2024	
Score:		
Comments:		
At-risk elevations: anxiety, attention problems, ADLs Clinically significant elevations: withdrawal, adaptability, leadership, function	onal communication	
ADHD probability and Autism probability indices also clinically significantly	elevated. Elevations on executive functioning indices.	
Name of Test:	BASC-3 self report	
Date of administration:	04-08-2024	
Score:		
Comments:		
At-risk elevations: atypicality, depression, sense of inadequacy, hyperactivit		
Clinically significant elevations: social stress, anxiety, interpersonal relation	s, self-esteem	

Autism Diagnostic Observation Schedule Revised Date of Administration: 04-09-2024 Module: 4 Was the administration valid? Yes No Please note any validity concerns: (Note any circumstances with performance, such as fatigue, interruptions, changes to standard administration, etc. Ex: E-codes) Some overactivity presenting as frequent fidgeting/bouncing of his leg. Minimal to no interference with tasks. Social Affect (SA) Score: 4 **Restricted Repetitive Behaviors (RRB) Total:** 0 **Overall Total:** 4 **Comparison Score:** 2 **Classification:** Non-Spectrum DSM-5 Instructions: Based on all available information provided during the parental interview and direct observation via the ADOS-2 and other development assessments, please use DSM-5 criteria to complete the following checklist. Please note any discrepancies between parent interview and direct observations. **Date of Completion:** 04-19-2024 **Section A: Social Communication** A1. Deficits in social-emotional reciprocity; ranging from abnormal social approach and failure of normal back and forth conversation, to reduced sharing of interests, emotions or affect; to failure to initiate or respond to social interactions. ○ 0 (Absent) ○ 1 (Subthreshold) ○ 2 (Present) Justify or explain your observations of this behavior:

Does not join with others unless explicitly invited to join the interaction. He speaks when spoken to but rarely initiates or asks questions.
Described not knowing when others want to talk to him or not and doesn't initiate because he doesn't want to bother others. He more easily approaches people he knows well. Has to put thought into what he is going to say.
During eval, slightly reduced quality of social overtures. He commonly talked on and on with limited awareness of when to let me speak and that he had given enough information to answer questions.
A2. <u>Deficits in nonverbal communicative behaviors used for social interaction;</u> ranging from poorly integrated verbal and nonverbal communication; to abnormalities in eye

ranging from poorly integrated verbal and nonverbal communication; to abnormalities in eye contact and body-language or deficits in understanding and use of gestures; to total lack of facial expressions and nonverbal communication.

○ 0 (Absent) ○ 1 (Subthreshold) ○ 2 (Present)

Justify or explain your observations of this behavior:

- poorly integrated eye contact. He consistently looked at me when I spoke but not while he spoke or during joint interactions.
- facial expressions somewhat flat and not consistently directed toward me
- used a variety of gestures

A3. Deficits in developing, maintaining, and understanding relationships;

ranging from difficulties adjusting behavior to suit various social contexts; difficulties in sharing imaginative play or making friends; to absence of interest in peers.

○ 0 (Absent) ○ 1 (Sub-Threshold) ○ 2 (Present)

Justify or explain your observations of this behavior:

- Client, parent, and teacher all reported difficulties making friends. He talked about having 2-3 friends he hangs out with and usually feeling satisfied with that. He has a lot in common with these friends, and they reportedly have more social issues than he does.
- Socially awkward, quiet, and introverted.
- It was easier for him to make friends when he was younger.

Section B: Restricted/Repetitive Behavior

B1. Stereotyped or repetitive motor movements, use of objects, or speech:

such as simple motor stereotypes, lining up toys or flipping plates, echolalia, idiosyncratic phrases.

○ 0 (Absent) ○ 1 (Sub-Threshold) ○ 2 (Present)

Justify or explain your observations of this behavior:

Echolalia and stereotyped speech reported but not observed, so it is unclear

- Used to line up toys and insisted on fixing them if they were disturbed. Similarly, his Legos had to remain built and stored so they wouldn't get broken apart.

B2. <u>Insistence on sameness, inflexible adherence to routines, or ritualized patterns of verbal or nonverbal</u> behavior;

such as extreme distress at small changes, difficulties with transitions, rigid thinking patterns, greeting rituals, need to take same route or eat the same foods every day.

0 (Not Present) 1 (Sub-Threshold) 2 (Present)
ustify or explain your observations of this behavior:
- Major challenge area for him. He is very rigid with routines, which can cause academic issues. For example, he has a particul morning routine he has to follow, so if he wakes up late, he will then be late to school because he has to go through all those steps. He is late for school nearly every day. - Very distressed at small changes. Becomes anxious when he doesn't have enough time to mentally prepare for transitions - Plans and prepares ahead for things, then struggles to follow through with plans.
33. <u>Highly restricted, fixated interests that are abnormal in intensity or focus;</u> such as strong attachment to or preoccupation with unusual objects, excessively circumscribed or perseverative interests.
0 (Absent) 1 (Sub-Threshold) 2 (Present)
ustify or explain your observations of this behavior:
- Strong interest in history, politics, and sports. His mind will wander to random historical facts and can get stuck thinking/talking about them and have difficulty moving on. Generally, only brings them up with people he knows well, but with them, will bring up random facts Some fixations on sports and history statistics Peers have pointed out the oddity of his fixation on his interests.
44. Hyper-or hypo-reactivity to sensory input or unusual interest in sensory aspects of the environment; such as apparent indifference to pain/temperature, adverse response to specific sounds or textures, excessive smelling or touching of objects, visual fascination with lights of movement. O (Absent) O (Sub-Threshold) O (Present) ustify or explain your observations of this behavior:
reported but not observed during the evaluation
 Bothered/frustrated by small sounds when it's quiet. E.g., the sound of the AC while taking a test or people clicking their pen Gym buzzers, alarms, etc. cause discomfort Prefers smooth clothing materials and soft items When he was young, he stared at dust in the air for extended periods Likes spicy and sour foods
Section C: History of Delays
1: Symptoms must be present in early developmental period (but may not become fully manifest until social lemands exceed limited capacities, or may be masked by learning strategies later in life)
Absent Present
ustify or explain your observations of this behavior:
 Present since early childhood. Supported and taught skills as a child. He went to small private schools that were able to accommodate his needs. When he got to high school (a bigger private school), he began struggling more significantly. As he has gotten older, he has become increasingly aware of being different, thus contributing to masking of behaviors.

Section D: Impairment

Absent Present Justify or explain your observations of this behavior:			
- Constantly behind on academic work. Major decline in grades beginning in high school, had to stop taking honors classes Negative self-esteem and gives up easily, which also impacts social and academic functioning.			
Sec	ction E: Clinical	Diagnosis	
E1: Autism Spectrum Disorder * must provide value Absent Present In order for ASD to be checked as Phistory), at least 2 items from Section checked Present.			
	Section F: Spe	cifiers	
	Level One: Requiring support	Level Two: Requiring substantial support	Level Three: Requiring very substantial support
F1: Social Communication Severity Level:	•		
F2: Restricted and Repetitive Severity Level:			
	Yes		No
F3: With intellectual impairment:			
F4: With language impairment:			•
How confident are you in your diagnosti	ic determination?		
Not confidentSlightly confidentModerately confidentVery confident			
Strengths and Challer	nges		
Please list three <u>strengths</u> for the individ	dual:		
1)			

D1: Symptoms cause clinically significant impairment in social, occupational, or other important areas of current

functioning

Motivated and has goals for his future.	
2)	
Kind and caring. He was super easy to work with during the evaluation.	
3)	
Great support from his family, good relationships with them.	
Please list three primary <u>challenges</u> for the individual:	
1)	
Insistence on routines but then struggles to follow routines effectively. Then becomes very overwhelmed when they go awry.	
General executive functioning and attention deficits.	
2)	
High levels of stress. "Paralyzing stress". Becomes fixated on things and gets overwhelmed when they don't go as he expects or	
when he doesn't have enough time to prepare. Very stressed about schoolwork and concerned about graduating on time.	
3)	
Negative self-esteem. Risk for depression	
Proposed Recommendations:	
Select from the following next step options for this individual and family:	
Services to Support Developmental Progress	

☐ Speech Language Therapy (SLP)

Occupational Therapy (OT)
Physical Therapy (PT)
■ Applied Behavioral Analysis (ABA) - (The goal of behavior therapy is to increase behaviors that are helpful and decrease behaviors that are harmful or affect learning. Family may benefit from the implementation of techniques for understanding and changing behavior based on the principles of applied behavior analysis)
State-based Early Intervention program (e.g., First Steps) - (Every state has a program to support children birth to 3 who are at-risk or identified with developmental delay. Autism is typically considered an automatic qualifying diagnosis for supports and services. It is a critical first step for many children with developmental delays.)
■ Early Special Education Services - (Local school districts have early childhood programs for children between 3 and 5 years old with developmental delays who are determined to be eligible for services. Classroom based support and peer interactions are critical at an early age)
Head Start/Early Head Start - (This federal program supports local child learning centers to provide high-quality, developmentally appropriate learning for children. Local communities offer different programs. This website can help determine what is available in the community: https://headstartprograms.org/)
Parent/Caregiver Skills Training - (Parent training allows parents to become active participants in their child's learning and development. It can help parents learn about effective ways to support their child's skills, building and learn strategies to manage their interfering behaviors. <i>Help is in your hands</i> is a free resource by University of California-Davis with modules to show parents and clinicians how to help young children with autism connect, communicate, and learn through various activities and play exercises. Family can create a login and access all modules and videos for free at https://helpisinyourhands.org/course)
■ Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS) - (PECS can be successful at helping children understand the idea of symbolic communication in a manner that maximizes their visual strengths as well as how to initiate communication. Link to website https://pecs.com/)
■ ADEPT (Autism Distance Education Parent Training) - (Clinicians at the University of California-David developed these online, on-demand learning modules to help parents/caregivers learn more about behavior and autism. The following are particularly helpful: Module 1: Strategies for Teaching Functional Skills; Module 2: Positive Behavior Strategies for Your Child with Autism)
Other
Community Resources/Connections
ECHO Autism Community Connections - (The University of Missouri ECHO Autism Community Connections Program helps support people on the spectrum and their families who receive a diagnosis by a community-based clinician. Trained Connectors help patients/families connect to clinician recommended services and supports, as well as navigate any barriers they may face. To get started, patients/families need to complete the Release of Information by accessing this link: https://redcap.link/echoautismconnections .)
Regional Office - (To access support coordination and referral to the Missouri Autism Project. Find the local regional office and contact information by county. The website can be found at https://echoautism.org/new-diagnosis-under-age-4/ then scroll down to Missouri Resources)
ParentLink Warm Line - (ParentLink connects you with a Family Support Specialist who offers no-cost parenting strategies, behavior and resource guidance. Call Toll Free at 1-800-552-8522 / Local 573-882-7323, Text: 585-FAMILY1 (585-326-4591), O email parentlink@missouri.edu your parenting questions to parenting experts. Available Monday-Friday 8:00 am - 10:00pm and Saturdays and Sundays 12:00pm - 5:00pm. The website can be found at https://echoautism.org/new-diagnosis-under-age-4/ then scroll down to Missouri Resources)
■ Autism Speaks Rapid Response Team - (Personalized autism information and resources for any step in the autism path can be found at https://www.autismspeaks.org/autism-response-team-art)
■ United for Children - (This organization supports daycare professionals in helping successfully integrate children with autism and other developmental needs into daycare settings. They may also have some funding available for inclusion-based

daycare. Call 1-800-467-2322 ext 32 OR visit <u>www.unitedforchildren.org</u>)	
Parents as Teachers - (This is a parent education program that helps to school and the community and plays a vital role in supporting families a readiness. Contact the local school district for more information.)	
Co-Occurring Conditions	
□ Sleep □ Constipation □ Feeding □ Seizures □ Other	
	ADHD
Please specify other co-occurring conditions:	
Tools to Learn more about Autism Spe	ctrum Disorder
Tool Kit: A Parent's Guide to Autism - (This guide provides information getting the diagnosis, reminding parents to take care of themselves, tips sharing tips for supporting siblings, advocating for your child, and build families and frequently asked questions. This tool kit can be found at <a "="" echoautism.org="" family-support="" href="https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1081/jtm2.2081/jtm2.</th><th>s to manage the stress that they may experience,
ing a support network, vignettes of stories from</th></tr><tr><th>■ Tool Kit: 100 Day Kit for Young Children - (This guide is designed to promake the best possible use of the days following the diagnosis. It is a coas information about symptoms, treatment, legal rights and advocacy. The https://echoautism.org/new-diagnosis-under-age-4/ then click 100 Day Kits.</th><th>omprehensive tool filled with facts and resources such
This tool kit can be found at</th></tr><tr><th>■ Tool Kit: A Grandparent's Guide to Autism - (This guide will help provi tools, and real-life stories of how to guide and support the child and fan tool kit can be found at https://echoautism.org/family-support/ then clic	nily immediately after the diagnosis and beyond. This
■ Tool Kit: An Introduction to Behavioral Health Treatments - (This too may help the family understand the functions of a child's behaviors, in a behavior. This tool kit can be found at https://echoautism.org/behavior-Treatments)	addition to basic strategies of increasing appropriate
■ Sibling Developmental Monitoring - (Given the increased autism risk in sharing the CDC's "Learn the Signs. Act Early." resources with the family milestones.)	-
Autism Navigator - About Autism in Toddlers and Video Glossary - (autism symptoms and supports and intervention to help their child thrie evidence-based supports for everyday activities and developmental gro- outcomes. Family can create a login and access modules and videos at the	ve. Autism Navigator also has information about wth charts to recognize and monitor meaningful
■ Behavior Videos - (The following videos offer some practical tips that may be helpful for this family: ABCs of Behavior and Reinforcement. The videos can be found at https://echoautism.org/behavior-basics/ then click Video Tool Kit: ABCs and Video Tool Kit: Reinforcement)	
☑ Other	

Please specify other tools to learn more about ASD:

I always provide my autistic adolescent and young adult clients with the link to the Autistic Self Advocacy Network

Support for Parents/Family/Caregivers

of children with developmental disabilities or special healt	s a parent to parent/peer support network for parents/caregivers hcare needs. This is a support system where families can ask nentors with similar experiences. You can find the link to their ge-4/ then scroll down to Missouri Resources)
Education Act (IDEA) and the Individual Education Plan (IEF	upports and services through the Individuals with Disabilities P) process. The link to the Missouri programs can be found at Training & Information. Information about programs in other states
Other	
Form Status	
Complete?	Complete 🕶